appeal unmeritorious and therefore it is accordingly dismissed in its entirety. In the circumstance of this appeal, each party has to bear its own costs."

or be sued through its registered trustees. He submitted further that in order for the respondent to sue, there must be resolution of the board of trustees.

was not known in law, the district tribunal pleadings were fatally defective from the beginning. As a result, he submitted, the procedure to sue and be sued was

Tanzania walks talk in fishing agenda

Continued from Page 1

Mtwara Regional Commissioner Gelasius Byakanwa said yesterday that the pledge to improve fishing industry in the next five years will lead to increased economic gains from the sector.

"Our government is fully committed to improve the economic condition of our fishermen and other people engaged in the fishery sector. This will be done in the next five years by ensuring that we create a conducive climate for fishing," he said.

Mr Byakanwa made the remarks when officiating at celebrations to mark World Fisheries Day organised in Mtwara at the national level. The event was organised by Tanzania Tuna Fishery National Alliance to create awareness on sustainable fishing in the country.

The Regional Commissioner's statement comes just a week after Minister for Foreign Affairs and East African Cooperation Prof Palamagamba Kabudi underlined his ministry's priorities of which, the blue economy tops the agenda.

In a speech read on his behalf by Mtwara District Commissioner Dustan Kyobya, Mr Byakanwa said the sector will improve through the transfer of technology use, providing support services as well as training of the small-scale fish farmers and fishermen.

The improvement plan once implemented will lead to an increase of fish production and in turn help increase government's revenue in exporting fish and fish products.

Mr Byakanwa also mentioned the creation of employment opportunities for youth and improving the socio-economic conditions of coastal fishing communities, mostly in Mtwara.

He appealed to the private sector – including TUNA Alliance – to team up with the government regarding the planning, construction and management of the fishing harbour set to be built in Mtwara.

He said the private organisations stand a better chance to link with the government in creating and implementing projects that will attract foreign and local investors into investing in the fishery sector.

Mr Byakanwa also asked TUNA Alliance to encourage fishermen to use modern fishing tools, improve fishing infrastructure and technology transfer in breeding of fish, nursing and feeding, and harvesting of fish products.

"TUNA Alliance should also encourage their members to be involved in organising groups for income-generating activities with the aim of providing them with fishing knowledge and modern fishing tools," he said.

He also noted that the government has developed suitable infrastructure such as roads, electricity and others for improvement of the fishing environment. Mtwara District Commissioner Dunstan Kyobya directed the district fisheries officer to issue licences to fishermen to enable them undertake fishing activities.

The issuance of the licences fishing communities should be conducted in line with inspection of the fishing tools in the area.

Speaking at the event, a representative of fishermen, Mr Abbas Salum, said artisanal fishermen face challenges such as lack of technical knowledge, lack of modern fishing equipment and lack of skills in management.

He appealed to the government to provide technical training to fishing communities as well supporting them with modern fishing tools.

A week ago, Minister Kabudi said at the Chamwino State House in Dodoma after taking oath that his ministry will ensure that the country's economy brings the desired socio-economic changes, touching on employment generation, uplifting the business environment and guaranteed supply of raw materials for local industries.

He said the government will also cooperate with such associations as the Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA), Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC), and Southwest Indian Ocean Fisheries Commission (SWIOFC) aimed at strengthening regional cooperation and sustainable development within the Indian Ocean region.

The government, Prof Kabudi said, would adhere to the 2020-2025 CCM Election Manifesto, and President John Magufuli's 12th Parliament inaugural speech of November 13, 2020, which laid emphasis on the revitalisation of the national economy in the next five years.

In his speech, President Magufuli said that by improving this strategic sector of fishing, the majority Tanzanians will be able to engage in various activities and thus build both individual and national economies.

The Head of State said the government has already laid strategies for improving the fishing industry in deep sea, and that eight fishing vessels will be bought for that purpose.

CM · K

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Habari za kitaifa

...mbolea mpya

[illegible]

...utunza nguvu kazi

[illegible]

Wakutana kupitia mpangokazi uvuvi mdogo

Na Mbaraka Kambona, Dodoma

WADAU wa Sekta ya Uvuvi [illegible]

[illegible] Dodoma [illegible] Sera ya Uvuvi ya mwaka 2015.

Bulayi [illegible]

[illegible] Total Tanzania [illegible]

[illegible] 2016 [illegible]

[illegible]

NEM...

Na Mwan...

[illegible] (NEMC) [illegible] Juni 30, 2021 [illegible]

Na Mwan...

KAMPUNI [illegible] Total [illegible]

[illegible]

SWIOFish yaleta matokeo chanya sekta ya uvuvi

Na Penina Malundu

MRADI wa Usimamizi Shirikishi wa Rasilimali za Uvuvi Kusini Magharibi mwa Bahari ya Hindi (SWIOFish) umeonesha matokeo chanya na upo katika mwelekeo mzuri wa utekelezaji hapa nchini.

Hayo yalisemwa na Katibu Mkuu wa Uvuvi, Wizara ya Mifugo na Uvuvi, Dkt. Rashid Tamatamah wakati wa ufunguzi wa kikao kikazi cha wataalam wa sekta ya uvuvi wa mradi wa SWIOFish na waharir wa vyombo vya habari jijini Dar es Salaam.

Alitaja mafanikio ya mradi huo kuwa ni pamoja na kuweza kudhibiti uvuvi haramu wa kutumia baruti na mabomu ambao umedhibitiwa kwa asilimia 100 kutokana na kuimarishwa kwa doria na kuongezeka kwa uelewa wa jamii ya Pwani kuhusu madhara ya uvuvi huo.

Dkt. Tamatamah aliongeza kuwa kupitia mradi huo usajili wa vyombo vya uvuvi umeongezeka mara dufu hadi kufikia 58 kutoka asilimia 25 ya awali kabla ya mradi.

"Hii imechangiwa na usimamizi wa utekelezwaji wa sheria na kanuni za uvuvi," alifafanua Dkt. Tamatamah.

Aliongeza kwamba mradi huo umewezesha tafiti mbalimbali ambapo matokeo yake yametumika kurekebisha baadhi ya kanuni za uvuvi ambazo zimesaidia kuongezeka kwa samaki wanaovuliwa.

"Vile vile tafiti zimeonesha kuongezeka kwa uvuvi wa kambuna wa kutumia ndoano kwa maeneo mengi. Mfano marekebisho ya sheria ya uvuvi ya 2009 kuhusu kubadilisha ukubwa wa macho ya nyavu za kuvulia dagaa kwa milimita nane baada ya milimita 10 ambapo kumeongeza tija kwa wavuvi wa dagaa," alisema na kuongeza:

"Katika maeneo ya Pwani baadhi ya samaki [illegible] ya Sangosango na [illegible]. Haya ni baadhi ya matokeo ya [illegible] wa rasilimali za uvuvi [illegible]."

Dkt. Tamatamah aliendelea kusema kwamba mradi wa SWIOFish umewezesha kufadhili mafunzo ya uvuvi endelevu ambayo yamesaidia kuongezeka kwa uelewa wa jamii ya Pwani.

"Elimu hiyo imesababisha baadhi ya wavuvi kutekelekeza kwa hiari usimamizi wa rasilimali za bahari kwa mfano jamii ya uvuvi wa Sangosango-wilayani Kilwa na Ushongo-wilayani Pangani wameamua kufunga shughuli za uvuvi wa pweza na kuvua kwa kipindi maalum kila baada ya miezi mitatu ili kuruhusu samaki hao kukaa ili kuvuliwa katika kiwango kinachoruhusiwa na kisheria," alisema.

Aidha, alisema elimu hiyo imesaidia ulinzi shirikishi wa rasilimali za bahari.

Kwa upande wa uanzishwaji wa vikundi Dkt. Tamatamah alisema vimeanzishwa 50 vya usimamizi shirikishi wa rasilimali za uvuvi (Beach Management Unit-BMU) katika wilaya tano za mfano ambavyo vimewezeshwa na mradi huo.

Alizidi kufafanua kwamba BMU hizo zimeimarisha utunzaji wa mazingira ya Pwani ambapo ukataji misitu ya mikoko umepungua badala yake mikoko imekuwa ikipandwa katika katika vijiji mbalimbali kwa lengo la kutunza mazingira.

Eneo jingine ambalo mradi huo umeleta matokeo chanya kwa mujibu wa Dkt. Tamatama ni usafi wa fukwe katika maeneo ya mradi ambapo umeboreshwa na uchimbaji mchanga katika fukwe hususan Bagamoyo umepungua kwa kiasi kikubwa.

Alitaja mafanikio mengine ya mradi huo kuwa ni pamoja na kuongezeka kwa mapato yatokanayo na uvuvi hususan maeneo ambako mradi unatekelezwa, mfano mapato ya halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Pangani yameongezeka kutoka sh. milioni 55 mwaka 2016/17 hadi kufikia sh. milioni 235 mwaka 2018/19.

Alisema kwa kupitia mradi wa SWIOFISH viwango vya dagaa na mwani vimeanzishwa na kupitishwa na Shirika la Viwango la Viwango Tanzania (TBS) na kwamba uanzishwaji wa viwango hivyo ni mchakato wa kukidhi masoko ili bidhaa hizo ziweze kupata masoko ya uhakika ndani na nje ya nchi.

Bweni laungua moto wanafu

Na Judith Ferdinand, Mwanza

Maboresho soko la Feri kuanza Januari

Mwandishi Wetu, Mwananchi
mwananchipapers@mwananchi.co.tz

Dar es Salaam. Wizara ya Mifugo na Uvuvi imesema inakusudia kuboresha Soko la Samaki Feri kuanzia Januari mwakani.

Soko la Feri kwa sasa linaonekana kuelemewa na wingi wa watu wanaolitumia na miundombinu yake mingi imechoka, hivyo kuilazimu wizara kuchukua hatua.

Kaimu mkurugenzi wa uvuvi, Ezra Mutagwaba alisema jana kuwa maandalizi yamekamilika kuanza kuboresha soko hilo muhimu kwa wakazi na wapenzi wa samaki wa maji chumvi jijini Dar es Salaam na maeneo jirani.

"Soko la Feri lilijengwa kuhudumia kati ya watu 1,500 mpaka 3,000 lakini kwa sasa kuna zaidi ya watu 15,000. Soko limeelemewa, miundombinu yake inahitaji kuboreshwa," alisema Mutagwaba.

Alieleza wizara inamtafuta mkandarasi atakayelijenga soko hilo na sasa wanazungumza na mshauri elekezi ila mpaka Januari watakuwa wamempata ili ujenzi uanze mara moja.

"Mambo yanayofanywa sasa ni kutafuta mahali pa kuwapeleka wafanyabiashara wanaolitumia soko hilo," alisema.

> "... soko la Feri limeelemewa, miundombinu yake inahitaji kuboreshwa"
>
> Mutagwaba

ATHARI ZA MOTO